GENTAVED TOPICAL SPRAY - gentamicin sulfate, betamethasone valerate and isopropyl alcohol spray Vedco. Inc.

PRINCIPAL DISPLAY PANEL

Front Panel

GentaVed

Topical Spray

(GENTAMICIN SULFATE WITH

BETAMETHASONE VALERATE)

TOPICAL SPRAY

VETERINARY

Net Contents: 60 mL

VEDCO

Caution: Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of

a licensed veterinarian.

ANADA 200-388, Approved by FDA

Each mL contains: gentamicin sulfate

equivalent to 0.57 mg gentamicin base,

betamethasone valerate equivalent to

0.284 mg betamethasone, 163 mg

isopropyl alcohol, propylene glycol,

methylparaben and propylparaben as

preservatives, purified water q.s.

Hydrochloric acid may be added to adjust pH.

For topical use in dogs only.

Usual dose: Two depressions of the sprayer head 2 to 4 times daily for 7 days.

Keep out of Reach of Children.

For animal use only.

Read accompanying directions carefully.

Store upright between 2°C and 30°C

(36°F and 86°F)

Manufactured For

VEDCO, INC.

St. Joseph, MO 64507

DESCRIPTION

DESCRIPTION: Each mL contains: gentamicin sulfate equivalent to 0.57 mg gentamicin base, betamethasone valerate equivalent to 0.284 mg betamethasone, 163 mg isopropyl alcohol, propylene glycol, methylparaben and propylparaben as preservatives, purified water q.s. Hydrochloric acid may be added to adjust pH.

CHEMISTRY, PHARMACOLOGY AND TOXICITY

CHEMISTRY: Gentamicin is a mixture of aminoglycoside antibiotics derived from the fermentation of *Micromonospora purpurea*. Gentamicin sulfate is a mixture of sulfate salts of the antibiotics produced in this fermentation. The salts are weakly acidic and freely soluble in water.

Gentamicin sulfate contains not less than 500 micrograms of gentamicin base per milligram.

Betamethasone valerate is a synthetic glucocorticoid.

PHARMACOLOGY: Gentamicin, a broad-spectrum antibiotic, is a highly effective topical treatment for bacterial infection of the skin *In vitro*, gentamicin is bactericidal against a wide variety of gram-positive and gramnegative bacteria isolated from domestic animals. ^{1,2} Specifically, gentamicin is active against the following organisms isolated from canine skin: *Alcaligenes* sp., *Citrobacter sp.*, *Klebsiella sp.*, *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*, indole-positive and -negative *Proteus sp.*, *Escherichia coli*, *Enterobacter sp.*, *Staphlyococcus sp.* and *Streptococcus sp.*

Betamethasone valerate emerged from intensive research as the most promising of some 50 newly synthesized corticosteroids in the

experimental model described by McKenzie,³ et al. This human bioassay technique has been found reliable for evaluating vasoconstrictor properties of new topical corticosteroids and is useful in predicting clinical efficacy.

Betamethasone valerate in veterinary medicine has been shown to provide anti-inflammatory and antipruritic activity in the topical management of corticosteroid-responsive infected superficial lesions in dogs.

TOXICITY: Gentamicin sulfate with betamethasone valerate topical spray was well-tolerated in an abraded skin study in dogs. No treatment-related toxicological changes in the skin were observed.

Systemic effects directly related to treatment were confined to histological changes in the adrenals, liver and kidney and to organ-to-body weight ratios of adrenals. All were dose related, were typical for or not unexpected with corticosteroid therapy and were considered reversible with cessation of treatment.

WARNING

WARNING: Clinical and experimental data have demonstrated that corticosteroids administered orally or parenterally to animals may induce the first stage of parturition when administered during the last trimester of pregnancy and may precipitate premature parturition followed by dystocia, fetal death, retained placenta and metritis.

Additionally, corticosteroids administered to dogs, rabbits and rodents during pregnancy have produced cleft palate. Other congenital anomalies, including deformed forelegs, phocomelia and anasarca, have been reported in offspring of dogs which received corticosteroids during pregnancy.

INDICATIONS AND CONTRAINDICATIONS

INDICATIONS: For the treatment of infected superficial lesions in dogs caused by bacteria susceptible to gentamicin.

CONTRAINDICATIONS: If hypersensitivity of any of the components occurs, discontinue treatment and institute appropriate therapy.

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION:

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION: Prior to treatment, remove excessive hair and clean the lesion and adjacent area. Hold bottle upright 3 to 6 inches from the lesion and depress the sprayer head twice. Administer 2 to 4 times daily for 7 days.

Each depression of the sprayer head delivers 0.7 mL of Gentamicin Sulfate With Betamethasone Valerate Topical Spray.

SIDE EFFECTS AND PRECAUTIONS

SIDE EFFECTS: Side effects such as SAP and SGPT enzyme elevations, weight loss, anorexia, polydipsia and polyuria have occurred following parenteral or systemic use of synthetic corticosteroids in dogs. Vomiting and diarrhea (occasionally bloody) have been observed in dogs. Cushing's syndrome in dogs has been reported in association with prolonged or repeated steroid therapy.

PRECAUTIONS: Antibiotic susceptibility of the pathogenic organism(s) should be determined prior to use of this preparation. Use of topical antibiotics may permit overgrowth of non-susceptible bacteria, fungi or yeasts. If this occurs, treatment should be instituted with other appropriate agents as indicated.

Administration of recommended dose beyond 7 days may result in delayed wound healing. Animals treated longer than 7 days should be monitored closely.

Avoid ingestion. Oral or parenteral use of corticosteroids, depending on

dose, duration and specific steroid may result in inhibition of endogenous steroid production following drug withdrawal.

In patients presently receiving or recently withdrawn from systemic corticosteroids treatments, therapy with a rapidly acting corticosteroid should be considered in especially stressful situations.

If ingestion should occur, patients should be closely observed for the usual signs of adrenocorticoid overdosage, which includes sodium retention, potassium loss, fluid retention, weight gains, polydipsia and/or polyuria. Prolonged use or overdosage may produce adverse immunosuppressive effects.

HOW SUPPLIED AND STORAGE

HOW SUPPLIED: Plastic spray bottles containing 60 mL, 120 mL and 240 mL of Gentamicin Sulfate with Betamethasone Valerate Topical Spray. Store upright between 2°C and 30°C (36°F and 86°F).

REFERENCES

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- 1. Hennessy, PW, et al. *In vitro* activity of gentamicin against bacteria isolated from domestic animals. Veterinary Medicine/Small Animal Clinician. November 1971; 1118-1122.
- 2. Bachmann, HJ, et al. Comparative *in vitro* activity of gentamicin and other antibiotics against bacteria isolated from clincial samples from dogs, cats, horses and cattle. *Veterinary Medicine/Small Animal Clinician*. October 1975; 1218-1222.
- 3. McKenzie, HW and Atkinson, RM. Topical activities of betamethasone esters in Man. *Arch Derm.* May 1964;741-746.

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Manufactured for: VEDCO INC.

St. Joseph, MO 64507

BOTTLE LABEL IMAGE

Bottle Label

